## In the Claims:

1. (Currently amended) Apparatus An apparatus for filtering and amplifying a received signal that includes a desired signal portion embedded in an interfering signal portion comprising:

a plurality of sequentially connected complex filter/amplifier stages, each stage having:

- <u>a</u> complex filter <del>means</del> for attenuating <del>an</del> the interfering <u>signal</u> portion relative to <u>a</u> the desired <u>signal</u> portion of the received signal;
- $\underline{a}$  controlled amplifier means having set minimum gain  $K_{min}$  and maximum gain  $K_{max}$  for amplifying the <u>desired signal portion and the interfering signal portion of the</u> received signal; and
- a control means circuit for controlling the amplifier gain K of the controlled amplifier in the complex filter/amplifier stage where K<sub>min</sub> ≤ K ≤ K<sub>max</sub> such that the controlled amplifier seeks to generate an the desired output signal having a projected amplitude level at the controlled amplifier output, wherein the apparatus provides the desired signal at a predetermined signal level at the apparatus output as a result of the combined gains of the controlled amplifiers of the plurality of the complex filters/amplifier stages.
- 2. (Currently amended) Apparatus An apparatus as claimed in claim 1 wherein the received signal is in the IF band.
- 3. (Currently amended) Apparatus An apparatus as claimed in claim 2 wherein the received signal is at a low intermediate frequency (LIF).
- 4. (Currently amended) Apparatus An apparatus as claimed in claim 2 wherein the received signal is at a substantially zero intermediate frequency (ZIF).
- 5. (Currently amended) Apparatus An apparatus as claimed in claim 1 wherein in each of the complex filter/amplifier stages, the complex bandpass filter means filters the received signal and the controlled amplifier means is connected to the filter means to amplify the filtered received signal.
- 6. (Currently amended) Apparatus An apparatus as claimed in claim 1 wherein the received signal comprises complex in-phase I and quadrature phase Q signals.

- 7. (Currently amended) Apparatus An apparatus as claimed in claim 6 wherein each of the complex filter means filter includes up to two poles.
- 8. (Currently amended) Apparatus An apparatus as claimed in claim 6 wherein each of the complex filters comprises one or more single pole complex filters connected in series.
- 9. (Currently amended) Apparatus An apparatus as claimed in claim 6 wherein each of the controlled amplifier means amplifiers comprises:
  - a first variable gain amplifier for amplifying the in-phase I signal; and
  - a second variable gain amplifier for amplifying the quadrature phase Q signal, wherein the control means generates a gain control signal for controlling the gain of the first and second amplifiers.
- 10. (Currently amended) Apparatus An apparatus as claimed in claim 9 wherein the control means circuit determines the control signal as a function of the I and Q inputs to the amplifiers.
- 11. (Currently amended) Apparatus An apparatus as claimed in claim 9 wherein the control-means circuit determines the control signal as a function of the I and Q-outputs of the amplifiers.
- 12. (Currently amended) Apparatus An apparatus as claimed in claim 9 wherein the control means circuit determines the control signal as a function of the projected amplitude level.
- 13. (Currently amended) Apparatus An apparatus as claimed in claim 9 wherein the control circuit means comprises:
  - a first rectifier for receiving the output of the first variable gain amplifier to provide a first rectified signal;
  - a second rectifier for receiving the output of the second variable gain amplifier to provide a second rectified signal;
  - summing means an adder for adding the first and the second rectified signals; and
  - an error amplifier means having a first input coupled to the summing means adder and a second input coupled to a projected amplitude level signal for producing the gain control signal.

- 14. (Currently amended) Apparatus An apparatus as claimed in claim 13 wherein the first and second rectifiers are full wave rectifiers.
- 15. (Currently amended) Apparatus An apparatus as claimed in claim 9 wherein the control means circuit comprises:
  - a first rectifier for receiving the input of the first variable gain amplifier to provide a first rectified signal;
  - a second rectifier for receiving the input of the second variable gain amplifier to provide a second rectified signal;
  - summing means an adder to add the first and the second rectified signals;
    and
  - an error amplifier means having a first input coupled to the summing means adder and a second input coupled to a projected amplitude level signal for producing the gain control signal.
- 16. (Currently amended) Apparatus An apparatus as claimed in claim 15 wherein the first and second rectifiers are full wave rectifiers.
- 17. (Currently amended) Apparatus An apparatus as claimed in claim 9 further comprising:

<u>a</u> received signal strength indicator having:

- <u>a</u> gain summation <u>circuit</u> means for receiving the gain control signal from each of the complex filter/amplifier stages for computing the overall gain of the apparatus;
- means a detector for detecting the amplitude of the apparatus output signal; and
- <u>a circuit</u> means coupled to the gain summation <u>circuit</u> means and the detector means for indicating the strength of a desired signal received by the apparatus.
- 18. (Currently amended) Apparatus An apparatus as claimed in claim 1 wherein each complex filter/amplifier stage further includes a dc compensation circuit for attenuating the dc offset of the received signal.

- 19. (Currently amended) Apparatus An apparatus as claimed in claim 18 wherein the dc compensation circuit is a feedback circuit.
- 20. (Currently amended) Apparatus An apparatus as claimed in claim 18 wherein the dc compensation circuit is a feedforward circuit.
- 21. (Currently amended) Apparatus An apparatus as claimed in claim 1 wherein K<sub>min</sub> is negative.
- 22. (New) An apparatus for filtering and amplifying a complex in-phase I and quadrature phase Q received signals, comprising a plurality of sequentially connected complex filter/amplifier stages, each stage having:
  - complex filter means for attenuating an interfering portion relative to a desired portion of the received signals;
  - controlled amplifier means having set minimum gain  $K_{min}$  and maximum gain  $K_{max}$  for amplifying the received signal, the controlled amplifier means comprising:
    - a first variable gain amplifier for amplifying the in-phase I signal; and
    - a second variable gain amplifier for amplifying the quadrature phase Q signal; and.
  - control means for generating a gain control signal for controlling the gain K of the first and second amplifiers where  $K_{min} \le K \le K_{max}$  such that the controlled amplifiers seek to generate output signals having a projected amplitude level, wherein the control means comprises:
    - a first rectifier for receiving the output of the first variable amplifier to provide a first rectified signal;
    - a second rectifier for receiving the output of the second variable amplifier to provide a second rectified signal;
    - summing means for adding the first and the second rectified signals; and
    - error amplifier means having a first input coupled to the summing means and a second input coupled to a projected amplitude level signal for producing the gain control signal.
- 23. (New) An apparatus as claimed in claim 22 wherein the first and second rectifiers are full wave rectifiers.

- 24. (New) An apparatus for filtering and amplifying a complex in-phase I and quadrature phase Q received signals, comprising a plurality of sequentially connected complex filter/amplifier stages, each stage having:
  - complex filter means for attenuating an interfering portion relative to a desired portion of the received signals;
  - controlled amplifier means having set minimum gain  $K_{min}$  and maximum gain  $K_{max}$  for amplifying the received signal, the controlled amplifier means comprising:
    - a first variable gain amplifier for amplifying the in-phase I signal; and
    - a second variable gain amplifier for amplifying the quadrature phase Q signal; and.
  - control means for generating a gain control signal for controlling the gain K of the first and second amplifiers where  $K_{min} \le K \le K_{max}$  such that the controlled amplifiers seek to generate output signals having a projected amplitude level, wherein the control means comprises:
    - a first rectifier for receiving the input of the first variable amplifier to provide a first rectified signal;
    - a second rectifier for receiving the input of the second variable amplifier to provide a second rectified signal;
    - summing means for adding the first and the second rectified signals; and
    - error amplifier means having a first input coupled to the summing means and a second input coupled to a projected amplitude level signal for producing the gain control signal.
- 25. (New) An apparatus as claimed in claim 24 wherein the first and second rectifiers are full wave rectifiers.
- 26. (New) An apparatus for filtering and amplifying a complex in-phase I and quadrature phase Q received signals, comprising a plurality of sequentially connected complex filter/amplifier stages, each stage having:
  - complex filter means for attenuating an interfering portion relative to a desired portion of the received signals;
  - controlled amplifier means having set minimum gain  $K_{min}$  and maximum gain  $K_{max}$  for amplifying the received signal, the controlled amplifier means comprising:

- a first variable gain amplifier for amplifying the in-phase I signal; and
- a second variable gain amplifier for amplifying the quadrature phase Q signal;
- control means for generating a gain control signal for controlling the gain K of the first and second amplifiers where  $K_{min} \le K \le K_{max}$  such that the controlled amplifiers seek to generate output signals having a projected amplitude level; and

a received signal strength indicator comprising:

- gain summation means for receiving the gain control signal from each of the complex filter/amplifier stages for computing the overall gain of the apparatus;
- means for detecting the amplitude of the apparatus output signal; and
- means coupled to the gain summation means and the detector means for indicating the strength of a desired signal received by the apparatus.

27. (New) An apparatus as claimed in claim 22 wherein  $K_{min}$  is negative.